

## Year 2 Term 1 Week 5 Day 1

### Grammar: More Nouns of the Third Declension



*Latin Without Tears* pages 121-127 continues with masculine, feminine and neuter nouns of the third declension. Once again you should work through the examples, improving the translations given as you go. *Os*, *iter*, *flumen*, *onus*, and *mare* are all IGCSE vocabulary words so they should go into your notebook. Keep listening to the audio to make sure of pronunciation. Keep up with your chants and vocabulary notebook. By the end of the course you should know all the vocabulary and chants so keep practising and testing yourself as we go along.

*Os*, *oris* n mouth, face

Bible Example:

*et pro me, ut detur mihi sermo in apertione oris mei cum fiducia notum facere mysterium evangelii*  
Ephseians 6:19

The Apostle Paul has been exhorting the Christians at Ephesus to prayer. He asks them to pray for their fellow believers and in this verse he adds a prayer request for himself: *et pro me*. Then *ut* introduces what the request is. *Detur* a form of the word *do*. It is another subjunctive<sup>1</sup> this time passive<sup>2</sup> so we get “let it be given” where “it” is *sermo*. We have had *sermo* before; it is related to “sermon” in English. That should give you *ut detur mihi sermo*. Which words in the passage do: aperture, evangelize, mystery and known relate to? *Fiducia* is “confidence” or “boldness” and *facere* is “to make.” This is quite a hard text to “guesslate” so don't worry if you have to look it up!

*mare*, *maris* n. sea

This word relates to “marine,” and “maritime” in English.

*benedixitque eis dicens, crescite et multiplicamini et replete aquas maris avesque multiplicentur super terram* Genesis 1:22

*benedixit* literally “he well said” related to “benediction” in English.

*multiplicamini* is passive “be multiplied”

*multiplicentur* is subjunctive so “let them be multiplied”

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1 Don't worry about these yet just take it from me!

2 Again just believe me for now!

*dicens* is “saying”

*crescite* and *replete* are imperatives (commands)

*crescite* comes from *crescere* to grow and *replete* is related to “replete” in English and “replenish.”

*aves* are creatures that “aviate” i.e. b....s.