Post paucos annos Cyrus, Persārum princeps, copias in Medorum agros duxit, et totam regionem celeriter vīcit. Itaque et Mēdiae et Persiae, ingentis regni, rex erat. Croesus, ubi cīvēs Cyri facta nuntiāvērunt, "Sī Cyrus," inquit, "adhūo adolescens, tam celeriter Mēdos superāvit, sine dubio ego, rex maximus dīvitissimusque, Cyrum superābo." Cōpias igitur cito collēgit et in finitimos agros dūxit. Sed non bene rem gessit. Non diū rēgis exercitus hostium impetum sustinēbat. Persae Croesi mīlitēs fugāvērunt. In Lydiam contendērunt et omnia loca ferro et ignī vastāvērunt; hominēs necāvērunt; vīcos et frūmentum incendērunt. Rex perterritus rēgiam petīvit. Eō intrāvit Cyrus. Cyrus, vehementer īrātus, "Cūr, O Croese," rogāvit, "sine causā bellum in agros meos intulistī? Tū igitur stultitiae tuae poenas gravissimas mihi dăbis. Servi mei rogum ingentem trabibus validis aedificābunt; tē in rogum imponent; tum te rogumque incendent."

colligo, 3, -lēgi, -lectum—I collect.

copiae, -arum, f. pl.—forces.

ferrum, -i, n.—iron, sword.

gero, 3, gessi, gestum—I carry on: rem or res bene gero—I succeed.

impetus, -ūs, m.—attack.

infero, -ferre, -tuli, -lātum—I bring into, inflict on.

maximus, -a, -um—greatest, very great.

Mēdia, -ae, f. — Media, a country to the South of the Caspian Sea.

Mēdi, -ōrum, m. pl.—Medes.
nuntio, 1—I announce.

Persae, -ārum, m. pl.—Persians.
rem bene gero—I succeed.
rogus, -i, m.—funeral pile.
supero, 1—I overcome.
sustineo, 2, -tinui, -tentum—I hold up, sustain.
trabs, trabis, f.—beam.
vasto, 1—I devastate, destroy.

It is quite tricky in this exercise to work out who is doing what to whom! You will need to be careful with case endings. My attempt is on the next page.

After a few years, Cyrus, chief of the Persians, led forces into Media and quickly conquered the whole region. So he was king of both Media and Persia, a huge kingdom. When the citizens announced the deeds of Cyrus, Croesus said, "If Cyrus, while still young, so quickly overcame the Medes, without doubt I, a great king and very rich, will overcome Cyrus." He therefore gathered forces quickly and led them to the neighbouring lands. But he did not succeed. The king's army did not withstand the charge of the enemy for long. The Persians put to flight the soldiers of Croesus. They hurried to Lydia and devastated everywhere by sword and fire. They killed men, they burned vines and corn. The terrified king made for the palace. Cyrus penetrated it. Cyrus greatly angry asked, "Why O Croesus, did you wage war in my lands without a cause? You will therefore render to me the heaviest penalties for your stupidity. My slaves will build a huge funeral pyre with strong beams. They will put you on the pyre and they will burn you and the pyre!"



Will Croesus escape? See the next lesson to find out!